

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963 A

	PHOTOGRAPH THIS	SHEET
55 992	LEVEL	INVENTORY
AD-A155	DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION  SUNE 1980  This document is decided for public reserved and distribution is uncomed.	ते प्राप्त विकास के क्षेत्र के किया है
	DISTRIBUT	ION STATEMENT
A-1	ES AND/OR SPECIAL TION STAMP	DTIC SULCOSONED E DATE ACCESSIONED
	85 7 03 068	DATE RETURNED
	DATE RECEIVED IN DTIC	REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED NO.
	PHOTOGRAPH THIS SHEET AND RETURN TO DTI	IC-DDAC
DTIC FORM 70A	DOCUMENT PROCESSING SHEET	PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED UNTIL STOCK IS EXHAUSTED.

**Z** 

RICHELIEU RIVER BASIN BROOKFIELD, VERMONT

## BAKER POND DAM VT 00135

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

JUNE, 1980

# **DISCLAIMER NOTICE**

THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

LINCLASSIELED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

DEPORT POCHMENTATION	DACE	READ INSTRUCTIONS
REPORT DOCUMENTATION	PAGE	BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
VT 00135		
4 TITLE (and Subtitle)		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Baker Pond Dam		INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTION OF I	NON-FEDERAL	6. PERFORMING ORG, REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(#)		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION		
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS		12. REPORT DATE
DEPT. OF THE ARMY, CORPS OF ENGINEER	RS	June 1980
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, NEDED		13. NUMBER OF PAGES
424 TRAPELO ROAD, WALTHAM, MA. 02254		48
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different	t from Centrolling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
		UNCLASSIFIED
		ISA. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)		

APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

- 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, Il different from Report)
- 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY.

Richelieu River Basin Brookfield, VT. Sunny Brook

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The dam is an earthfill embankment about 490 ft. long and 18 ft. high. The dam is judged to be in poor condition. Structural components appear to be in good condition. The dam is small in size woth a significant hazard potential. There are various recommendations and remedial measures which should be undertaken by the owner.

BAKER POND DAM VT 00135

RICHELIEU RIVER BASIN BROOKFIELD, VERMONT

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

FROM THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS TO THE STATE

TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

#### BRIEF ASSESSMENT

#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

#### NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF DAMS

Identification Number:

VT 00135

Name of Dam:

BAKER POND DAM

Town:

BROOKFIELD

County and State:

ORANGE COUNTY, VERMONT

Stream:

SUNNY BROOK

Date of Inspection:

MAY 5, 1980

The dam, constructed in 1956, is an earthfill embankment approximately 490 feet long and 18 feet in height. The upstream slope is inclined at 3 horizontal to 1 vertical; the downstream is inclined at 2 horizontal to 1 vertical and has no drainage blanket or toe drains. The outlet structure is a reinforced concrete box 9 feet by 18 feet in plan by 11 feet deep. The upstream end is fitted with stoplogs the full depth of the structure. The outlet pipe is a 48 inch reinforced concrete pipe. The earthen overflow spillway is approximately 60 feet long with a crest elevation about 0.2 feet above the outlet structure top. A concrete core wall runs the full length of the spillway, no other slope protection is evident.

Based upon the visual inspection at the site, the dam is judged to be in poor condition. This assessment is predicated upon the geotechnical aspects as considerable seepage was noted from beneath the root mat downstream of the dam. The downstream dam face, spillway channel and outlet channel support a heavy growth of trees and bushes. Structural components (outlet structure and conduit) appear in good condition.

In accordance with Corps of Engineers Guidelines and the size (SMALL) and hazard (SIGNIFICANT) of the dam, the test flood selected for use in the analysis was equivalent to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Peak inflow to the pond is 1925 cfs; peak outflow is 1,500 cfs with the dam overtopped 0.1 feet. The combined spillway and outlet structure capacity is 1,359 cubic feet per second (cfs), which is equivalent to 91% of the routed Test Flood outflow.

An engineering investigation should be performed to determine the origin of, and necessary remedial measures for the seepage occurring at the downstream toe of the dam; determine procedure for removal of trees growing on the dam embankment and within 20 feet of the downstream toe, and procedures and materials for backfilling after removal of root systems. The possible necessity for additional riprap on the upstream slope of the embankment and on the left training wall of the spillway should be investigated, along with the erodability of the earthen overflow spillway and the effect of overflows on the downstream slope of the dam. A detailed hydraulic and hydrologic study should be conducted to further assess the need for and means to increase the project discharge capacity. The owner should institute a program of annual technical inspection, with repairs as necessary, and a formal program of operation and maintenance fully documented to provide accurate records for future reference. A formal downstream warning system should be developed to be implemented in the event of flood flow or imminent dam failure.

Recommended investigation and remedial measures for correction of the toe seepage should proceed immediately upon the owner's receipt of this report. The remaining recommendations and any further remedial measures which are discussed in Section 7 should be instituted within one year of the owner's receipt of this report.

Stephen D. Murray, P.E. Project Manager James W. Sewall Company



This Phase I Inspection Report on Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch Engineering Division

FRED J. RAVENS, Jr., Member Chief, Design Branch Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member Chief, Water Control Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR Chief, Engineering Division

THIS SHEET TO BE FURNISHED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

#### PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spill-way Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff"), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does <u>not</u> include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

### REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTIO	N		PAGE
Letter	of T	ransmittal	-
Brief	Asses	sment	
Review	Boar	d Page	
Prefac	e		i
Table	of Co	ntents	ii-iv
Overvi	ew Ph	oto	v
Locatio	on Maj	p	vi
		REPORT	••
1. PR	JECT	INFORMATION	1-1
1.1	l Ger	neral	1-1
	a. b.	Authority Purpose of Inspection Program	1-1 1-1
1.2	Des	scription of Project	1-1
	a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	Location Description of Dam and Appurtenances Size Classification Hazard Classification Ownership Operator Purpose of Dam Design and Construction History Normal Operational Procedures	1-1 1-1 1-2 1-2 1-2 1-2 1-2 1-3
1.3	Per	tinent Data	1-3
	a. b. c. d. e. f. g. i. j.	Drainage Area Discharge at Dam Site Elevation Reservoir Storage Reservoir Surface Dam Diversion and Regulating Tunnel Spillway Regulating Outlets	1-3 1-3 1-4 1-4 1-5 1-5 1-5

<u>Se</u>	ction	<u> </u>		<u>Page</u>
2.	ENGI	NEERI	ING DATA	2-1
	2.1	Desi	ign	2-1
		a. b. c.	Available Data Design Features Design Data	2-1 2-1 2-1
	2.2	Cons	struction	2-1
		a. b.	Available Data Construction Considerations	2-1 2-1
	2.3	0per	ration	2-1
	2.4	Eval	luation	2-1
		a. b. c.	Availability Adequacy Validity	2-1 2-1 2-1
3.	VISU	AL IN	NSPECTION	3-1
	3.1	Find	lings	3-1
		a. b. c. d. e.	General Dam Appurtenant Structures Reservoir Area Downstream Channel	3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2
	3.2	Eval	uation	3-2
4.	OPER	ATION	IAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES	4-1
	4.1	0per	rational Procedures	4-1
		a. b.	General Warning System	4-1 4-1
	4.2	Mair	ntenance Procedures	4-1
		a. b.	General Operating Facilities	4-1 4-1
	4.3	Eval	uation	4-1
5.	EVAL	UATIO	ON OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES	5-1
	5 1	Gono	mal	E 1

### SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

### 4.1 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

- a. <u>General</u> Pond level readings are not taken on a regular basis. A full column of stoplogs is normally in place.
  - b. Warning System No warning system is known to exist.

### 4.2 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- a. <u>General</u> The dam receives no regular maintenance. Dam inspection reports consistently comment on the necessity to cut brush and grass.
- b. <u>Operating Facilities</u> Except for replacement of the stoplogs as they deteriorate, no maintenance of operating facilities is performed. Existing stoplogs appear in good condition.

### 4.3 EVALUATION

The operation and maintenance procedures at this dam are inadequate to ensure that all problems encountered can be remedied within a reasonable period of time. The owner should establish a written operation and maintenance procedure as well as a warning system to follow in the event of flood flow conditions or imminent dam failure.

Water seeping from beneath the root mat downstream of the downstream toe may be the result of seepage conditions which, if not controlled, could lead to failure of the dam.

The trees growing on the downstream slope and at the downstream toe of the dam could cause seepage or erosion problems. Uprooted or decaying trees could provide pathways for seepage which could lead to internal erosion of the embankment.

The trees growing in the spillway channel could impair the functioning of the spillway during large flows.

The left training wall of the spillway which is formed by the embankment could be eroded during periods of large spillway flows.

Structural components (outlet structure and conduit) appear in good condition.

The seepage from the downstream toe area collects at a low point below the toe and drains toward the outlet channel as shown in Photo 8. This seepage enters the outlet channel at a point about 20 feet downstream of the head wall of the outlet pipe. The flow at this point is shown in Photo 9.

### c. Appurtenant Structures

### Spillway

The spillway section is located at the right abutment. The floor of the spillway channel is unlined, but there is a concrete core wall the top of which is partially exposed, buried beneath the surface of the spillway. The left training wall of the spillway is formed by the embankment, which is partially protected from spillway flows by rock riprap.

### Outlet Structure

The outlet structure is a reinforced concrete box, 9 feet by 18 feet in plan, with stoplog guides extending the full depth of the upstream side. The structure is shown in Photo 10. Access for insertion or removal of stoplogs, the top of which appear on the extreme right of Photo 10, is gained by walking the 15 inch wide wall of the outlet structure, for which no handrail, safety cage, or other accident prevention device is provided. The top of the concrete on the right side of this structure is approximately an inch lower than the concrete on the left. This differential has reportedly existed since dam construction and is not considered significant. Along the left side, three feet down from the top, water is leaking in at a construction joint. The discharge pipe is 48 inch reinforced concrete with a concrete headwall at its exit. The headwall is in good condition. The discharge pipe joints have a minor amount of offset with no sign of leakage as shown in Photo 11.

### d. Reservoir Area

The reservoir banks are typically lined with grass and low bushes with a well-defined footpath, a result of fishing activity, along the top of slope. There are no indications of instability along the banks of the reservoir in the vicinity of the dam.

#### e. Downstream Channel

The downstream spillway channel is shown in Photo 12. The channel is poorly defined in the area immediately downstream from the dam. Trees are growing in the spillway channel as shown in Photo 12.

### 3.2 EVALUATION

The visual inspection indicates the dam to be in poor condition with respect to the geotechnical aspects.

### SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

### 3.1 FINDINGS

a. General - The general condition of this dam is fair.

At the time of inspection on May 5, 1980 the water level in the reservoir was about 1 inch above the top of the intake structure. The weather was cool and cloudy wth occasional light showers.

b.  $\underline{\text{Dam}}$  - The dam is an earth embankment with an unlined spillway section at the right abutment. A rectangular drop inlet intake structure is located on the upstream slope.

The dam has a  $90^{\circ}$  bend at a rock outcrop in the reservoir forming an L-shaped crest with the short portion of the L extending from the rock outcrop toward the left abutment. The outcrop is shown in Photo 1.

### Upstream Slope

The upstream face is inclined at a slope of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. Approximately 6 feet of the upstream slope was above water level at the time of inspection. Photo 2 shows a typical section of the upstream slope. The slope is not protected by riprap and numerous large brush stumps have been left in place. There are small trees growing on the upstream slope just above the water line as shown in Photo 1. A new growth of brush is beginning to grow on the upstream slope.

### Crest

The crest of the embankment has a thin grass cover which has been worn by trespassing as shown in Photo 3 and 4. No evidence of cracking or misalignment was observed.

#### Downstream Slope

The downstream slope is inclined at 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. Dense high brush and saplings cover much of the slope. There is a cluster of larger trees growing on the slope at the point where the embankment makes the  $90^{\circ}$  bend toward the left abutment. A general view of the brush on the downstream slope is shown in Photo 5.

Seepage was observed at the downstream toe of the dam. The entire area at the toe between the outlet pipe and the 90° bend was wet and soggy. In some locations water was emerging from beneath the root mat. Photo 6 shows one location of concentrated flow emerging from beneath the root mat. The exit point is located about 20 feet downstream of the toe and about 60 feet left of the outlet pipe. The emerging seepage water is slightly turbid and a mound of silt has been deposited where the velocity of this concentrated flow is reduced. This silt deposit is shown in Photo 7.

### SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

### 2.1 DESIGN

- a. Available Data The available data consists of original design drawings by Louis M. Laushey, P.E., design topography by Lee H. Lowell, and miscellaneous computations and inspection reports by the Vermont Department of Water Resources.
- b. <u>Design Features</u> The drawings, computations and inspection reports indicate the design features stated in Section 1.
- c. <u>Design Data</u> Design data consists of information on the design drawings by Louis M. Laushey and Lee H. Lowell as listed in "Existing Plans".

### 2.2 CONSTRUCTION

- a. Available Data Information as contained in any plans, drawings, or specifications previously listed in "Design Data" or Appendix B.
- b. Construction Considerations The dam, as built, varies significantly from the design in that the dam top is approximately 2 feet lower and the overflow spillway approximately 1 foot lower than shown on the original drawings. The outlet conduit is also oriented at a slightly different angle than indicated on the design drawings and the outlet structure was constructed in line with the outlet conduit rather than normal to the dam crest. Three reinforced concrete struts across the outlet structure were constructed level with the top of the structure rather than arched two feet above it. No riprap protection is apparent on the dam or spillway.

### 2.3 OPERATION

Pond level readings are not taken on any regular schedule. No formal operation procedures are known to exist.

#### 2.4 EVALUATION

- a. <u>Availability</u> Existing data was provided by the State of Vermont Agency of Environmental Conservation (the owner) who also made the operations available for visual inspection.
- b. Adequacy Detailed hydrologic/hydraulic data were not available. Design data and field measurements were utilized in conjunction with New England Division Army Corps of Engineers "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges" to perform the computations of outflow capacity.

The detailed engineering data required to perform an in-depth stability analysis of the dam was not available. The final assessment of the dam, therefore, must be based primarily on visual inspection, performance history, and spillway capacity computations.

c. <u>Validity</u> - A comparison of records, data, and visual observations reveals no significant discrepancies, other than those noted above between design and as-built dimensions.

5. Upstream channel:

N/A

6. Downstream channel:

Earthen channel to streambed

7. General:

N/A

### j. Regulating Outlets

1. Invert:

1289

2. Size:

9 ft. wide x 18 ft. long x 11 ft. deep with 48 inch pipe outlet

3. Description:

Reinforced concrete structure with stoplog guides full depth upstream end, horizontal 48 inch pipe outlet downstream end

4. Control Mechanism:

Stoplogs

5. Other:

N/A

f.	Res	ervoir Surface	
	1.	Normal pool:	50± acres
	2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
	3.	Spillway crest:	50± acres
	4.	Test flood pool:	50± acres
	5.	Top of dam:	50± acres
g.	<u>D</u> am		
	1.	Type:	Homogeneous Earthfill
	2.	Length:	490± ft
	3.	Height:	18± ft
	4.	Top width:	11 ft
	5.	Side Slopes:	3H to 1V Upstream 2H to 1V Downstream
	6.	Zoning:	N/A
	7.	Impervious Core:	N/A
	8.	Cutoff:	N/A
	9.	Grout curtain:	N/A
	10.	Other:	N/A
h.	Dive	rsion and Regulating Tunnel	N/A
i.	<u>Spil</u>	lway	
	1.	Type:	Earthfill overflow protected by con-crete cutoff wall
	2.	Length of Weir:	60 <sup>±</sup> ft.
	3.	Crest el.:	1300.2±
	_	_	

Γ

N/A

Gates:

	8.	Total project discharge at top of dam el. 1304.0:	1359 cfs
	9.	Total project discharge at test flood el. 1304.1:	1500 cfs
c.	Elev	vation (Feet, NGVD)	
	1.	Streambed at toe of dam:	1286±
	2.	Bottom of cutoff:	N/A
	3.	Maximum tailwater:	N/A
	4.	Recreation pool:	1300±
	5.	Full flood control pool:	N/A
	6.	Spillway crest (ungated):	1300.2±
	7.	Design surcharge (original design):	N/A
	8.	Top of dam:	1304±
	9.	Test flood surcharge:	1304.1
d.	Rese	ervoir	
	1.	Length of normal pool:	2400 ± ft
	2.	Length of flood control pool:	N/A
	3.	Length of spillway crest pool:	2400 <sup>±</sup> ft
	4.	Length of pool at top of dam:	2400 <sup>±</sup> ft
	5.	Length of test flood pool:	2400 <sup>±</sup> ft
e.	Stor	<u>rage</u>	
	1.	Normal pool:	200 acre-ft
	2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
	3.	Spillway crest pool:	200 acre-ft
	4.	Top of dam:	400 acre-ft
	5.	Test flood pool:	400 acre-ft

- f. Operator Mr. John Claussen, District Biologist
  Department of Fish and Game
  Agency of Environmental Conservation
  State of Vermont
  Montpelier, Vermont 05602
  (802) 828-3371
- g. Purpose of Dam Recreation.
- h. Design and Construction History The following information is believed to be accurate based upon plans and correspondence available and from conversations with persons familiar with the history of the dam. The dam was designed in 1955 by Louis M. Laushey for the Vermont Department of Fish and Game. It was constructed in 1956. Shortly after the reservoir was filled, there was a failure caused by piping along the outlet conduit. The reservoir was drained and the failure repaired, reportedly by addition of anti-seep collar or collars.
- i. Normal Operational Procedures All stoplogs are normally in place such that water overflows all four sides of the outlet structure at approximate elevation 1300. The operator checks periodically to assure that the outlet structure is not blocked by debris.

### 1.3 PERTINENT DATA

- a. <u>Drainage Area</u> 1.79 square miles of moderately steep, essentially undeveloped terrain which is 50% open and 50% wooded.
- b. <u>Discharge at Damsite</u> Discharge is from over the outlet structure and through the 48 inch outlet conduit. Elevations are referenced to NGVD datum.
  - 1. Outlet works (conduits):

test flood el. 1304.1:

	One 48" reinforced concrete pipe @ Invert el. 1289	248 cfs
2.	Maximum known flood at damsite:	N/A
3.	Ungated spillway capacity at top of dam el. 1304:	1111 cfs
4.	Ungated spillway capacity at test flood el. 1304.1:	1250 cfs
5.	Gated spillway capacity at normal pool el. 1300:	N/A
6.	Gated spillway capacity at test flood el. 1304.1:	N/A
7.	Total spillway capacity at	

1250 cfs

The earthen spillway has a crest elevation of approximately 1300.2 and a total length of approximately 60 feet. A reinforced concrete core wall approximately 2 feet thick by 4 feet deep with a top elevation of 1299.9 runs along the spillway center.

The outlet structure consists of a reinforced concrete box 9 feet by 18 feet in plan with the bottom at elevation 1289.0. Control is achieved by 4 foot long stoplogs at the upstream end of the box. The top of the box is open which allows for flow over the other three sides when all stoplogs are in place. The stoplog guides extend full depth of the box. The outlet pipe is 48 inch diameter reinforced concrete, installed level with its invert matching the bottom of the box.

Elevations are referenced to NGVD datum.

No instrumentation exists at this dam.

- c. <u>Size Classification</u> SMALL The dam impounds 400 acre-feet of water with the pond level at the top of the dam, which at elevation 1304 NGVD is 18 feet above the original streambed. With storage of less than 1000 acre-feet and height less than 40 feet, the dam falls into the small category of both criteria and is thus classified small in size according to the Recommended Guidelines.
- d. <u>Hazard Classification</u> SIGNIFICANT If the dam were breached, there is potential for considerable property damage and loss of a few lives. About 250 feet downstream of the dam is a residential structure approximately ten feet above the streambed. With a rapid rise in flood stage from 4 feet to 12 feet, this home would be jeopardized upon failure of the dam. Further downstream, little damage to homes or other major buildings would be expected, as all are 15 feet or more above the streambed, and our hydraulics computations indicate maximum post-failure stages in the order of 10 feet.

Agricultural flooding, damage to private, town and state road crossings, and destruction of minor outbuildings would occur, however, as the failure wave traveled down the steeply sloped watercourse of Sunny Brook to its confluence with Dog River.

e. Ownership - Department of Fish and Game
Agency of Environmental Conservation
State of Vermont
Montpelier, Vermont 05602
(802) 828-3371

The dam was built by its present owner.

#### PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

#### BAKER POND

### SECTION I - PROJECT INFORMATION

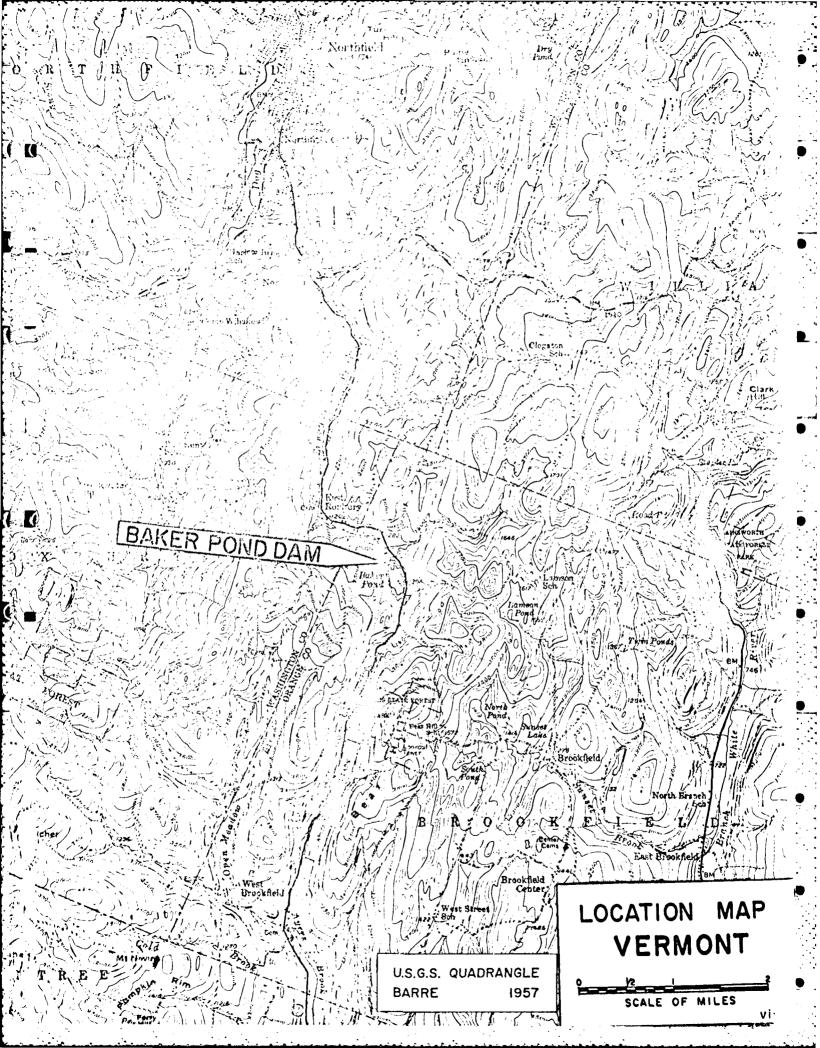
### 1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. James W. Sewall Company has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Vermont. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to James W. Sewall Company under a letter of April 1, 1980 from William E. Hodgson, Jr. Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW 33-80-0051 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.
  - b. Purpose of Inspection Program The purposes of the program are to:
  - 1. Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions requiring correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
  - 2. Encourage and prepare the States to quickly initiate effective dam inspection programs for non-federal dams.
  - 3. To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

- a. Location The dam is located on the headwaters of Sunny Brook in a rural area of the Town of Brookfield, County of Orange, State of Vermont. The dam is shown on the Barre USGS Quadrangle Map having coordinates latitude N  $44^{\circ}$  04.3' and longitude W  $72^{\circ}$  38.2'.
- b. <u>Description of Dam and Appurtenances</u> The dam, completed in 1956, consists of a homogeneous rolled earthfill embankment having a total length of approximately 490 feet, including an emergency earthen overflow spillway approximately 60 feet long on the right side of the dam, and outlet works at the central portion of the dam.

The embankment has a top elevation of approximately 1304, is 18 feet in height above the streambed and is 11 feet wide at the crest. The upstream slope is inclined at 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. The downstream slope is inclined at 2 horizontal to 1 vertical and has no drainage blanket or toe drains.





U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY CONST. TANTS OLD TOWN, MAINE

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS

Baker Pond Dam - VT 00135

Brookfield, Vermont

April 22, 1980

Section		Page
5.2	Design Data	5-1
5.3	Experience Data	5-1
5.4	Test Flood Analysis	5-1
5.5	Dam Failure Analysis	5-1
6. EVA	LUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY	6-1
6.1	Visual Observation	6-1
6.2	Design and Construction Data	6-1
6.3	Post-Construction Changes	6-1
6.4	Seismic Stability	6-1
7. ASS	ESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES	7-1
7.1	Dam Assessment	7-1
	<ul><li>a. Condition</li><li>b. Adequacy of Information</li><li>c. Urgency</li></ul>	7-1 7-1 7-1
7.2	Recommendations	7-1
7.3	Remedial Measures	7-1
7.4	Alternatives	7-2
	APPENDIX	
APPENDI	X A - VISUAL CHECK LIST WITH COMMENTS	A-1
APPENDI	X B - ENGINEERING DATA	B-1
APPENDI	X C - DETAIL PHOTOGRAPHS	C-1
APPENDI	X D - HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS	D-1
APPENDI	X E - INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS	E-1

TO THE STATE OF TH

### SECTION 5: EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

### 5.1 GENERAL

The project is basically a low surcharge storage-high spillage earth embankment, constructed to impound water for recreational use only. The spillway and overflow structure will pass 91% of the routed test flood outflow with the dam overtopped by 0.1 feet.

<u>-</u>

### 5.2 DESIGN DATA

No design data are known to exist for the project.

### 5.3 EXPERIENCE DATA

Other than a failure shortly after construction of the project, which was probably unrelated to hydraulic or hydrologic conditions, no information on serious problem situations arising at the dam were found, and it does not appear the dam has been overtopped.

### 5.4 TEST FLOOD ANALYSIS

The "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" presents a test flood range for significant hazard small size dams of the 100 year frequency to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Selection of the test flood to be utilized in the analysis of a particular dam is dependent upon the proximity of the dam to the upper or lower limits of its size category and upon the perceived risk of failure. Due primarily to the latter consideration, the test flood selected is equivalent to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood. The tributary wastershed consists of 1.79 square miles of moderately steep, essentially undeveloped terrain about 50% open and 50% wooded. Using the curve for "rolling" watersheds contained in the "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharge", dated March, 1978, peak inflow to Baker Pond is 1925 cfs. Routed Test Food outflow, with the pool initially at normal level (el. 1300 NGVD) is 1500 cfs with the dam overtopped 0.1 feet. Based upon our hydraulics computations, the combined capacity of the spillway and outlet structure is 1359 cfs, which is approximately 91% of the routed Test Flood outflow at the top of the dam.

### 5.5 DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS

Utilizing the April, 1978, "Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs", the peak failure outflow would be 15,500 cfs with the pool initially at the top of the dam (1304 NGVD). A breach of the dam would result in a rise of 8 feet in the water level of the stream at the initial impact area, which is 250 feet downstream from the dam. This 8 foot rise in flood stage corresponds to an increase in flow of 14,141 cfs and an increase in the water level from a depth of 4 feet just before the breach, to a depth of 12 feet just after the breach. The rapid 8 foot increase in the

water level would flood a residence in the initial impact area to a height of approximately 2 feet above first floor level. Further downstream on Sunny Brook, hydraulics computations indicate the stages reached would be on the order of 10 feet - insufficient to damage residential or other large buildings, the lowest of which are some 15 feet above the brook bottom. The flood wave would cause flooding of agricultural areas, damage to private, town and state (Route 12) road crossings, and destruction of minor outbuildings. Because of the potential for loss of a few lives in the initial impact area and the considerable downstream damage which would ensue from a breach, Baker Pond Dam is classified as a "Significant Hazard" dam.

### SECTION 6: EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

### 6.1 VISUAL OBSERVATION

The visual inspection indicates the following potential structural problems:

- a. The presence of seepage at the downstream toe of the embankment, if not controlled, could lead to failure of the dam.
- b. Erosion of the embankment could occur during periods of high flow over the spillway.
- c. Areas of erosion or seepage could be created by the uprooting or decay of large trees now growing on the embankment.

### 6.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION DATA

No original design and construction data are available for the dam.

### 6.3 POST-CONSTRUCTION CHANGES

Mr. Peter Barranco of the Vermont Department of Water resources stated that during the first filling of the reservoir a piping failure occurred along the outlet conduit. About 20 feet of the embankment was washed away. Repairs included a concrete cutoff wall across the conduit. Detailed construction drawings were not available.

### 6.4 SEISMIC STABILITY

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2, and in accordance with the recommended Phase I guidelines does not warrant seismic investigation.

### SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

### 7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

- a. Condition Based on a visual inspection, the dam is judged to be in poor condition. This assessment is predicated upon the geotechnical aspects; the outlet structure and discharge pipe are in good condition.
- b. Adequacy of Information Due to the lack of design and construction data for this dam, the assessment of safety is based solely on the visual inspection.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> The recommendations and remedial measures presented below should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report, with the exception that recommendation 7.2a should be implemented immediately after receipt of this report.

### 7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

The owner should engage a qualified registered engineer to undertake further investigations as follow:

- a. Assess significance of the seepage occurring at the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures if needed.
- b. Determine procedures for removal of trees growing on the dam embankment and within 20 feet of the downstream toe and to assist in the selection of suitable fill materials for backfilling of the voids left in the embankment after removal of the tree root systems.
- c. Examine the need to provide additional riprap protection on the upstream slope of the embankment and on the left training wall of the spillway.
- d. Investigate the erodability of the earthen overflow spillway and effect of overflows on the downstream slope of the dam.
- e. Perform a detailed hydraulic and hydrologic study to further assess the need for and means to increase the project discharge capacity.

The owner should implement all recommendations by the engineer.

### 7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES

- a. Brush should be cleared from the slopes of the dam and from the area within 10 feet of the downstream toe.
  - b. Trees and brush growing in the spillway channel should be cut.
- c. A safe means of operator access to the stoplog slots should be provided.

- d. A program of annual technical inspection, with repairs as necessary should be instituted by the owner.
- e. A formal program of operation and maintenance procedures should be instituted and fully documented to provide accurate records for future reference.
- f. A formal downstream warning system to be implemented in the event of flood flow or imminent dam failure conditions should be developed by the owner.

### 7.4 ALTERNATIVES

This study has identified no practical alternative to the above recommendations.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL CHECK LIST WITH COMMENTS

# VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Baker Pond Dam	DATE 1794 5, 1980
	TIME 11:15
	WEATHER Cloud 1 50°F
	W.S. ELEV. /300 U.S. DN.S.
DADTY	W.S. ELEV. 7500 U.S DN.S.
PARTY:	
1. Stephen D. Miserry 5.D.M.	6
2 Komer L'Houseon PLA	7
3. Trance to gener CAH.	8
4.1. 11 2 LoGatta D.P.L.	9
5. 11. 12. 236.33.00	10
PROJECT FEATURE	INSPECTED BY REMARKS
1	D.P.L., S.D.M., REH, CAH
2. 1/2 to 1/2 1.22 cm	
3. 1 1 a 2 000 mel	
4. Sugar Cromel	·
,	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
·	
·	
	•

PROJECT Bares Pen, Dan Empowerent MAME S.D.M., R.L.H.

DISCIPLINE Junes VV. Sevial Co.

Georganical Engineers Inc.

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DAM EMBANKMENT	Emparement dam with according structure on upstream slope, Unlinear spilling on riont according. Dam has 90° bend
Crest Elevation	1304
Current Pool Elevation	/300
Maximum Impoundment to Date	N.A.
Surface Cracks	None visible
Pavement Condition	No pavement
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None apporent
Lateral Movement	No misalignment apparent
Vertical Alignment	No misalignment apparent
Horizontal Alignment	No misarianment apparent
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Intake structure mas filted 1"
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
Trespassing on Slopes	Numerous trails for fishing
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	None
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	No riprap
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toe	None apparent
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage	Wet areas and seeps - see Text  No boils - concentrated seeps
Piping or Boils	No boils - concentrated seeps
Foundation Drainage Features	Non e
Toe Drains	None
Instrumentation System	None.
Vegetation	Dense venetation on slopes .

PERTUULL TRSPECTION CHECKLIST DATE May 5, 1980 PROJECT Baker Pond Dain NAME S.J.M., R.L.H. PROJECT FEATURE NAME C.A.H., D.P.L. James W. Sevall Co. DISCIPLINE Geotecnaical Encineers inc. CONDITION AREA EVALUATED DIKE EMBANKMENT No dike Crest Elevation Current Pool Elevation Maximum Impoundment to Date Surface Cracks Pavement Condition Movement or Settlement of Crest Lateral Movement Vertical Alignment Horizontal Alignment Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes Trespassing on Slopes Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or **Abutments** Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toes Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage Piping or Boils Foundation Drainage Features Toe Drains

Instrumentation System

Vegetation

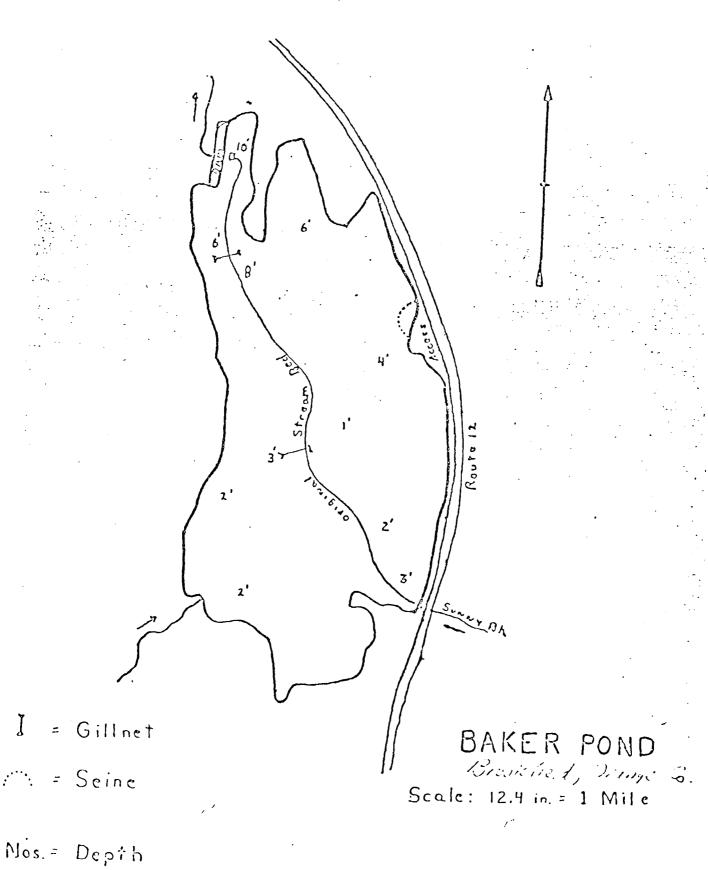
	grand and the superior and superior in the superior and the superior in the su
PROJECT Boile Pond Dam	DATE May 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE CONTrol Chamber	NAME S. D. M. R.L. H.
DISCIPLINE James W. Sevall Co.	
Gentechnica, Engineers	inc.
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE	
a. Approach Channel	No approach channel
Slope Conditions	Concrete drop inlet on upstream slope
Bottom Conditions	
Rock Slides or Falls	
Log Boom	
Debris	
Condition of Concrete Lining	
Drains or Weep Holes	None
b. Intake Structure .	Right side-1" lower than left side
Condition of Concrete	Left side - water leaking through construction soint, 3/4 of length, I'below top
Stop Logs and Slots	soint, 3/4 of leagen, I below top
	Good condition
,	
	·
	•

PROJECT Boser Possi Dam	DATE <u>May 5, 1980</u>
PROJECT FEATURE	MAME S.D.M., Z.L.H.
DISCIPLINE James W. Sewall Co.	NAME CAH, D.P.L.
Geotecnnical Engineers	inc.
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER	No control tower
a. Concrete and Structural	N. A.
General Condition	
Condition of Joints	
Spalling	
Visible Reinforcing	
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Joint Alignment	
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	
Cracks	
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	
b. Mechanical and Electrical	N.A.
Air Vents	
Float Wells	
Crane Hoist	
Elevator	
Hydraulic System	
Service Gates	
Emergency Gates	
Lightning Protection System	
Emergency Power System	
Wiring and Lighting System	

Tenroure indice	WANTER CARE TO THE WATER CONTINUES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP
PROJECT Boker Pond Dain	DATE May 5, 1920
PROJECT FEATURE OUT let and Channel	NAME S.D.M., R.L.H.
DISCIPLINE James W. Severi Co. Geotechnical Engineers Inc	NAME CAN, D.P.L.
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Concrete Headwall	Good
Rust or Staining on Concrete	None obscived
Spalling	None observed
Erosion or Cavitation	Minor erosion below invert of pipe
Cracking`	11000 opserved
Alignment of Monoliths	N. A.
Alianment of Joints	Minor misalinament of pipe joints, no sign of leakings at joints
Numbering of Monoliths	N.A.

PROJECT FEATURE OF LET and Channel  DISCIPLINE Sines of Grand Co.  Section to Engineers 1	NAME C.A. H., D. P.L.
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND GUILET CHENNEL	
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Visible Reinforcing	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Condition at Joints	
Drain holes	Training wait innertared stone
Channel	Training wall immertared stone  Dense tree and shrun growth
Loose Rock or Trees Overhanging Channel	Simila Trees overpanging channel
Condition of Discharge Channel	Fair

	TION CHECKLIST	
PROJECT Boner Pour Dam	DATE 1904 5, 1929	
PROJECT FEATURE Spilling and Change	el NAME <u>5.D.M., R.L.H.;</u>	
DISCIPLINE James 14 Sonott Co.	NAME C.A.H. D.P.L.	
Georechnical Engineers In		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS		
a. Approach Channel	spilling approach forms portion of snoreline at right abutment orea	
General Condition	Sirvi a min o ar rigill a Bollman orta	
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel		
Trees Overhanging Channel		
Floor of Approach Channel	Grass covered. Concrete wein is borely visible above ground line:	
b. Weir and Training Walls	portly VISIOIL above ground line:	
General Condition of Concrete	Good	
Rust or Staining	Hone observed	
Spalling .	None Visible	
Any Visible Reinforcing	No	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	No	
Drain Holes		
c. Discharge Channel		
General Condition	Poor	
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	•	
Trees Overhanging Channel	Many trees in channel  Dense regetation	
Floor of Channel	Dense regetation	
Other Obstructions	None.	
	,	



B-10

Edward F. Kehoe, Commissioner, Department of Fish and Game

Donald H. Spies, Dam Construction Engineer, Department of Water Resources

November 5, 1971

Subject: Baker Pond - Brookfield

On November 1, 1971, the writer inspected the subject structure. The dam is an earth fill structure with a stop log weir for controlling the water level and an overflow channel for an emergency spillway. At the time of inspection, two levels of stop logs had been removed. It was noted that the stop logs had been left on top of the weir; a preferable practice would be to put them in storage somewhere for the winter.

Structurally, the dam appeared to be in good shape. There was one small crack noticed in the south wall of the stop log weir. The main problem is the tremendous amount of sapling growth on the downstream face of the dam. In addition, there is some scattered brush on the upstream face and some trees and brush in the riprap on both spillways. All this should be cut down.

cc: Richard Sears, Land Negotiator Robert Collins, Maintenance Supervisor

ROUTING		
GLNER	AL	
To	NUTED	DATE
Dh. Tec	rids.	7-5-11
TIC	\$.€.±	11/5
	•	
SUSTEMU T	0	
FILE 13	4. 11	<del></del>

Fun: Pete Barrenco /Larry Fitch, Subj: Baker Pond Dam - Brookfredd

On 11-5-75 we inspected subject don. The following was noted,

D' Wiler Jewelest. O. 1 to 0.2' about top of drop Inlet structure - full coilenn if stop logs in plu.

(2) Some brush along U/s slopes + uncut grass on Stope and crest. Very mor erosion.

(3) Heavy brush growth des stops

& Standing wo ter, swampy on Its side of "L"
at left and of down possibly some quick
conditions. Source if water unknown - probably
both local dvariage and from imprindment. Als
slopes were dry. Should be institute.

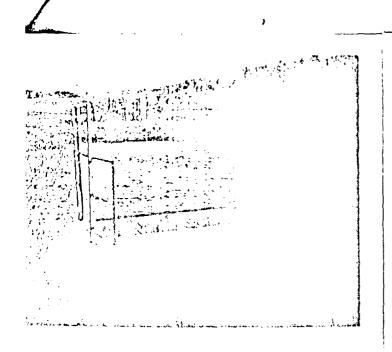
Brush it right side + generally clear.

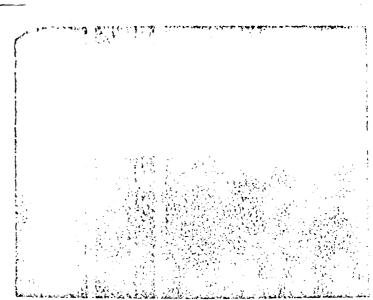
Freeboard = 11+

Maisteriance needs: Cut brow and grass.

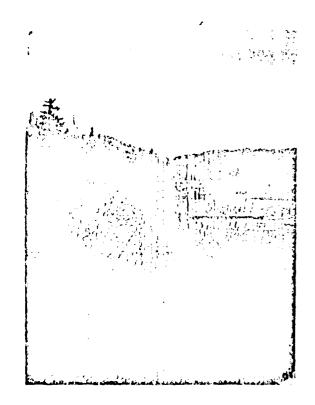
ONB

1 .1 1 6 G Jan 16 15

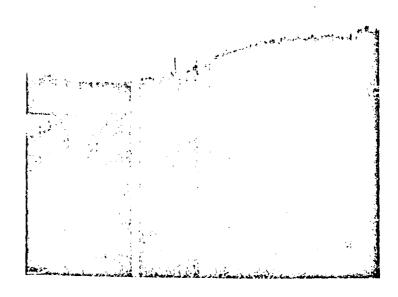




Emergency Spallway - Facing West



UK Free & Firm - Their Worth



DIS Tout Dan - Toning South



### FILE COPY

#### State of Vermont

Department of Fish and Game Department of Forests, Parks, and Recreation of Co Department of Water Kesources Environmental Board Division of Environmental Engineering Division of Environmental Protection - Natural Resources Conservation Council

AGENCY OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ROUTING **GENERAL** NOTED DATE TD 10,00 1/12/16 41.75 21 4 じさこ 1-1-1 ر اادا 445 SUSPEND TO FILE

Montpelier, Vermont 05602

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

/ 12 MANAGEMENT & ENGINEERING DIVISION

January 12, 1976 1-10.75

#### MEMORANDUM

To:

Don Spies

From:

Peter Barranco/Larry Fitch

Subject:

Baker Pond Dam - Brookfield

On November 5, 1975 we inspected subject dam. The following was noted.

- Water level est. 0.1' to 0.2' above top of drop 1) inlet structure - full column of stop logs in place.
- 2) Some brush along v/s slopes and uncut grass on slope and crest. Very minor erosion.
- 3) Heavy brush growth d/s slope.
- 4) Standing water, swampy on d/s side of "L" at left end of dam - possibly some quick conditions. Source of water unknown - probably both local drainage and from impoundment. d/s slopes were dry. Should be monitored.
- 5) Emergency spillway unmowed plus some brush at right side and generally clear.

Maintenance needs: Cut brush and grass.

APB/vd1

Ate: Vica vin Rito

## FILE COPY

ROUTING	
GENERAL	
19115 19195 1, BATEC	
1/12 You	へへ
FOR RIONO 11	·
SUCREGIONO CALLET	
	- Bldg.

January 15, 1976

#### MEMORANDUM

To:

Edward F. Kehoe, Commissioner, Dept. of Fish & Game

From:

Gordon R. Pyper, Commissioner, Dept. of Water Resources

Subject:

Baker Pond Dam, Brookfield

Colton Pond Dam, Sherburne

Forwarded herewith are copies of inspection reports prepared by engineers from the Management & Engineering Division, concerning the above dams.

Maintenance and observation items are noted which you may wish to schedule in your future activities.

GRP/DJM/vJ1

Enclosures

#### VERMONT DEPARTMENT OF MATER RESOURCES

#### INFORTATION SHEET

Name of Dam Baker Pond Town Brookfield
Owner Dep't of Fish and Game Name of Stream Sunny Brook
Address Montpelier, Vt. 05602 Classification III
U.S.G.S. Coordinates: Lat. 44°-4'-15" Long. 72°-38'-14"
U.S.G.S. Man Barre Aerial Photos VT-62-H 40-17 to 18
U.S.G.S. Elev. @ Spillway
Total Length of Dam Crest Width of Emergency Spillway
Width of Top Maximum Height 17'
Spillway Capacity: Principal
Pond Arca 39 Prainage Area 930
Pond Volume: Mormal Water Level Design High Water Level
Maximum Water Depth: Normal Water Level Design High Water Level
Storage Refore Emergency Spillway is Used
Use of Reservoir Recreation
Description of Dam: Farth fill
Description of Spillway(s):
· ·
Designed by Louskey Vear Built 1956
Mearing Date September 9, 1955 Order Date September 20, 1955
Additional Pemarks: Place in PF#6 de "

# SUMMARY OF DATA AND CORRESPONDENCE

Γ

Ø

Section 1

一年 中国人名英格兰人 人名英格拉克 医

PAGE	B-4	B-5	B-6	B-8	8-9	8-10	8-11
SUBJECT	Vermont Department of Water Resources Information Sheet	Transmittal of dam inspection reports, Baker Pond	Dam Inspection Report	Dam Inspection Report	Dam Inspection Report	Depth Map, Baker Pond	Design Plans (reduced to 1/2 size)
FROM	1	Gordon R. Ryper, Com- missioner, Dept. of Water Resources	1	1	i	ı	ı
2	File e	Ecrard F. Kehoe, Commissioner, Dept. of Fish and Game	•	ı	i	1	ı
DATE	ı	Jan. 15, 1976	Jan. 12, 1976	Nov. 10, 1975	Nov. 5, 1971	ı	Aug. 22, 1955 Rev. Sept. 6, 1955

#### BAKER POND DAM

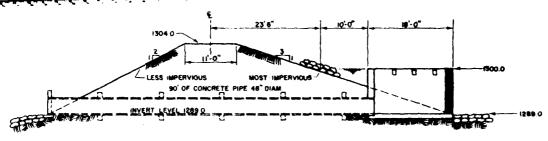
#### EXISTING PLANS

"Vermont Fish and Game Service"
Baker Pond Dam
Brookfield, Vermont
Scale 1" = 20'
L.M. Laushey, Vt. P.E. #690
Northfield, Vt.
August 22, 1955
Rev. September 6, 1955

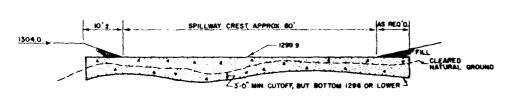
"Baker Pond"
Orange County, Brookfield, Vt.
Surveyed by Lee H. Lowell
May, 1955
Scale 1" = 3.00 chains (198 ft.)
39.6 Acres

"Contour and Profile of Proposed Dam Sites"
Baker Pond
Brookfield, Vt.
By: Lee H. Lowell
May, 1955 - Scale: Contour 1" = 50'
Contour Intervals as shown
Profile as shown

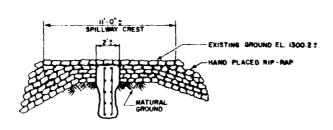
"Baker Pond"
Brookfield, Vt.
Plotted March 27, 1957
Scale 1" = 5'0"

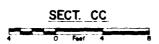


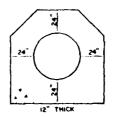
## SECT. AA



# SECT. BB







NOTE
THIS PLAN COMPILED FROM EXISTING PLANS FOR THE
DAM CONSTRUCTION IN 1986, BY L M LAUSMEY FOR THE
VERNIONT FISH & GAME SERVICE, MODIFIED AS OBSERVED
IN THE FIELD.

CUT-OFF RINGS

NOTAL OF THE MEMORIAND OF THE MONTH OF THE M



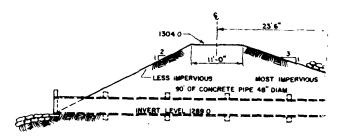
B-I

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FEDERAL DAM

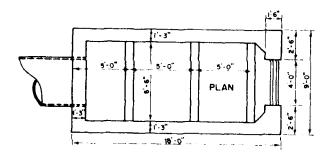
BAKER POND DAM

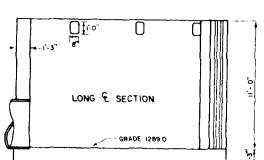
BROOKFIELD, VERMONT

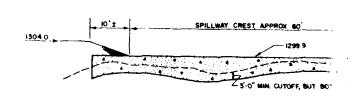


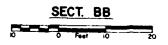


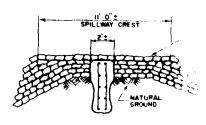
## SECT. AA

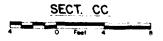




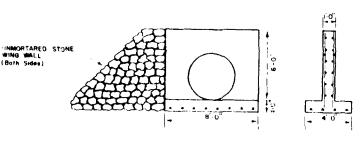


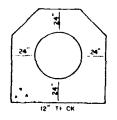




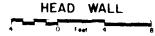


## CONTROL CHAMBER





CUT-OFF RINGS



U.S. ARMY FRANCE COLOR OF A ENGLANDS

RESERVE MATERIAL MISSELLS

AND THE SELECTION OF THE S



APPENDIX B
ENGINEERING DATA

	EUTTON CHECK . 31
PROJECT Baker Pond Dam	DATE May 5, 1980
PROJECT FEATURE	NAME S.D.M., R.L.H.
DISCIPLINE James W. Senail Co.	NAME C.A.H., D.P.L.
Geotecnnical Engineers 1	nc.
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE	N.A.
a. Super Structure	
Bearings	
Anchor Bolts	
. Bridge Seat	
Longitudinal Members	
Underside of Deck	
Secondary Bracing	
Deck	
Drainage System	
Railings	
Expansion Joints	
Paint	٠,
b. Abutment & Piers	N.A.
General Condition of Concrete	
Alignment of Abutment	
Approach to Bridge	
Condition of Seat & Backwall	
•	



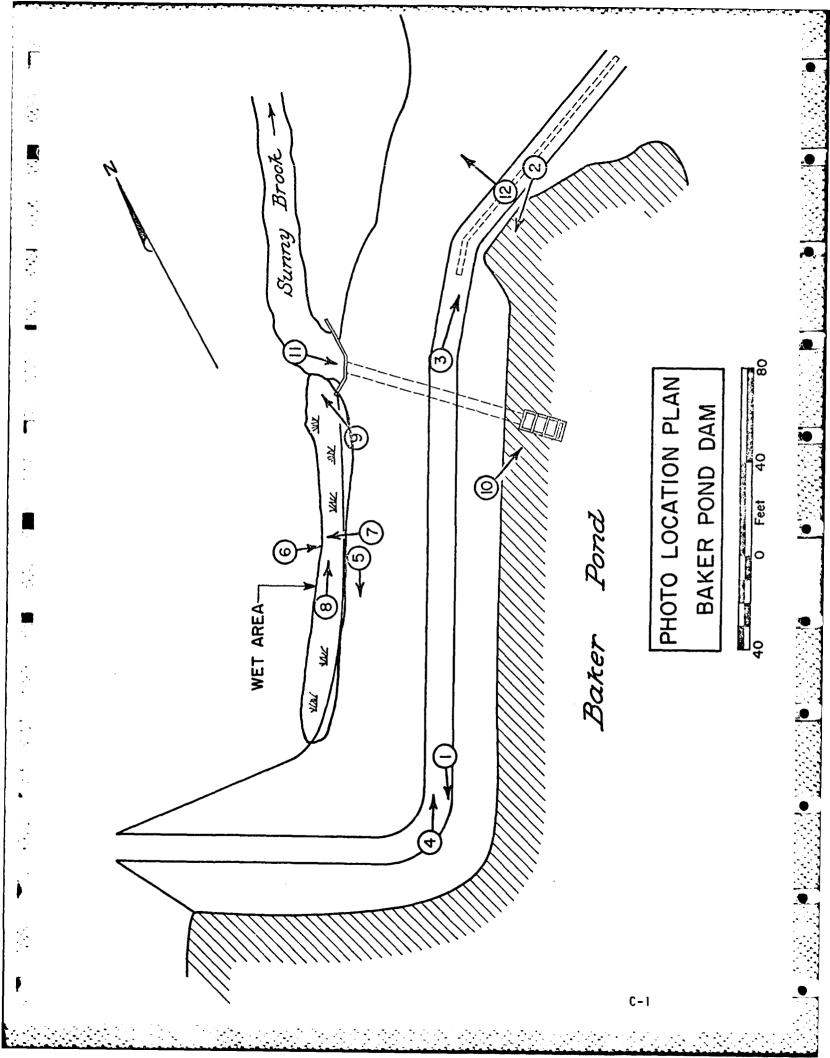
Succession and public to the control of the control Top Elev. 13. 1 S 47 45 m RECTIVED

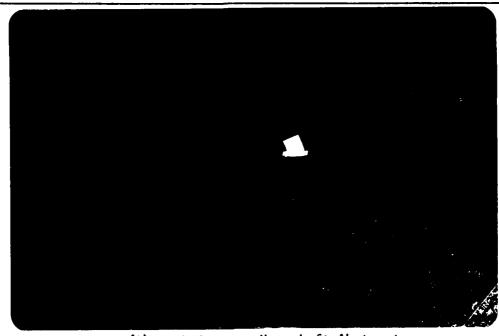
かんとあり

WELEINE)

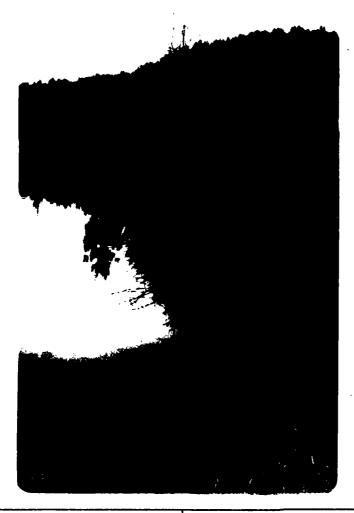
APPENDIX C

DETAIL PHOTOGRAPHS





(1) Rock Outcrop Near Left Abutment



(2) Upstream Slope, From Emergency Spillway

U.S.ARMY ENGINEER DIV, NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY CONSULTANTS
OLD TOWN, MAINE

Baker Pond Dam	
Brookfield, Vermont	_
VT 00135	
May 5, 1980	_
C-2	_



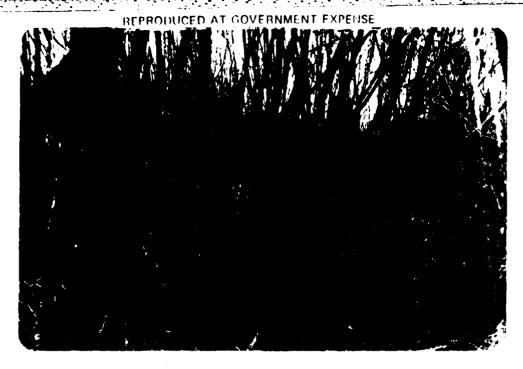
(3) Emergency Spillway, from Crest of Dam



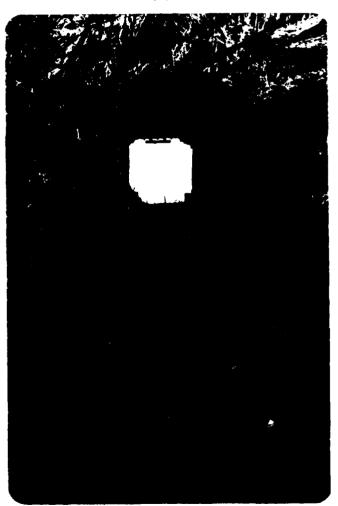
(4) Crest of Dam, from Rock Outcrop

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY
CONSULTANTS
OLD TOWN, MAINE

Baker Pond D	)am
Brookfield,	Vermont
VT 00135	
May 5, 1980	



(5) Growth on Downstream Slope



(6) Area of Flow from Beneath Root Mat at Toe of Dam

U.S.ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY CONSULTANTS OLD TOWN, MAINE

Baker Pond Dam_	
Brookfield, Vermon	t
VT 00135	
May 5, 1980	
	C-4



(7) Silt Deposit from Seepage at Toe of Dam



(8) Seepage Draining Toward
Outlet Channel

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY
CONSULTANTS
OLD TOWN, MAINE

Proclettald	Varmant
Brookfield	vermont
VT 00135	
May 5, 1980	)
	C-1



(9) Seepage Entering Outlet Channel



(10) Outlet Structure

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY CONSULTANTS OLD TOWN, MAINE NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS

Baker Pond Dam
Brookfield, Vermont
VT 00135

May 5, 1980

C-6



(11) Discharge Pipe from Outlet Structure



(12) Emergency Spillway Channel

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY CONSULTANTS OLD TOWN, MAINE

Baker Pond Dam	
Brookfield, Vermont	_
VT 00135	
May 5, 1980	
C-7	

APPENDIX D
HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

# JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Civil and Sanitary Engineers

Sheet \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

mputation	B.	kers	Por	<u>/</u>		),	ب	تبرر	- 40	//	<u> </u>		1/			Job	No	•	95	وم	-0:		
mputed by	<del></del>	SDA				(	he	cke	d b	У		m	E.E	<u>}</u>			D	ate	2	<u>'</u>	Acres		<u> 80</u>
	72.1	110000	.,		1				کر ا	/	7	ے	ع دون	/	7	-رس				Ţ			
	Andreas - Adres - W	12/2011								·							!		1		<b>\</b>	ļ ——	
		ار کار این				-				A			مرتنين	. 1			 				-	<u> </u>	
		1867									·			1		-52/	 シ	مجزن	1		13		! !
		1500	د ده دها د دها		; }		ست. مسر در سر	, 25 , , ,		er er er P	-2.2.			)		(	الوجية ا		1	• <del></del> '		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			900	ر. ور.) مدري	  	S21.4	<u>.</u>		و مرد مدا دور مسا	i Gall	ایر نیسوند. مرا	Ci											
	!	رد 2 لے۔		ار			- (1) - (2)	52 (42 1 10 10 (42)		/		∔ ! ; ′		أسر	ر ر	/	۔۔۔۔۔۔ ا	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	 ارما	2-	:	i	
			1916			, †	risk ili	1	 	1 - 5-2	₹£:		( f .(L)				 	<u></u>					
	1				/	ا ا بار	ا ا ا	 ! -	23	l 	1/		//	اا			,	7.5	<del></del>	 اردرا	—	*_	
									;			i	, ,									است	
		۱۱ - ۱۶۰ - ۱۰۰ است ۱۲۵ مهور (																			ز بر دیدل	,	7
		1	2 - J								• •	_	1		ک ≃ کست	UCLC*	erezel	V: G		1942 	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
	<del>-</del>		- 1												 !					<del> </del> -	<del></del> -		
	-/	) = 0	امر امر		٠٠٠٠			<u>e.c.</u>	<u> </u>	<u>ر</u> ا	<u> </u>		_/_:	7					 	i	i I		
		. i i	i	4	1	1			<u> </u>		<del> </del>			ا بر	 > 1	_			<u> </u>		<del>;                                    </del>		
			16 . 15 .																				
	<del>i</del>	1 1 1	1		- 1	- 1			i			- 2				_ آندمے	ري	C2.		1		[2,	27
		<u></u>	ن زر در								2,2	 								<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
					-4	20	/		=		)	5		25						<del> </del>			
		es /		<del>-</del>	 سر	_					<u> </u>										-		
<del></del>	-	ا ما ما است. به به نواند مه ادام در		-21-34-040		7								/.		7			-	ļ	<u> </u>		
	- 1.67	) (4	i	į.	- 1	1	امسا	1		ì	1	CCA	1-0	200		2	14.	D.	- 1/9 	CX:			
		1 1	omn	- 1	٠٠ <u>٠</u>	اب		gus.	6/0	1202	P.S.								<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>		
			<u>2                                    </u>	- 1		_							_										<del>\</del> .
			i			- 4	ore.	سلم		20	2	_0_	_	15/5	سوح محمور	<u> </u>	.c.c	ur	ces	<u> </u>	3.76	ر پهر دم	- Frie
			1		لحري						! !												
					/						,	1 5	:			,		00 h.	û.	-22	reac	هيد	
				22	-	ec.	_<	aı	9.	c	1	حي		7.0	1	)				-	<u> </u>		
		!	بروجيسه	,	- 1	,					1	١.			Į.			_		1			
_   _			i		-	1	,			1	ישנה		1		- 1				l	. 2	,	~	
											07	'							1	1		<u> </u>	
			والصر	<b>)</b> +	وركيري	1	/	Q.2	,	ma		روار	1	∽	8	) <i>(</i>	4.1.	17	ay.	5	1000	रद्	\$
																						See	
											<u></u>												
1 1 1	i	ı i	i	1	1	ノー									,				1	!	1	i i	

## JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Civil and Sanitary Engineers

Sheet 2 of 17

bject	Zns	per 1	rin .		<u>/</u>	2001	ر - م	, ç		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<i></i>	<u>/</u> ;	٠	11	<u>مر</u> <u> </u>	يري ك	ر کسورت م	(1)	<u>:/</u>				
nputatio	on	8.	(0.5	<u>بر</u>	2 (		120	116	8.	2000	<u> </u>	G. C/		//			Job	Ио	•	9	5-50	-0	<u>5</u>		- 
puted b	ογ		222	• 				Che	cke	d b	У	<i>i</i> ):	) <u>(*</u> *					D	ate,	ر	1/_	1/64	<u>, 6</u>	70	
					]																				
						ا ئاتھ کا کوئٹ	Orași S	/	در	/.	/:	/													
1				ļ			<u></u>	رين مروح	 	/c.	· c	ا دریموم د	l Kara	<u> </u>			/	ا میسود:	2	ا <u>ئەمۇر</u>		K	المراي	<i></i>	
						ا تاریشته							į.		i						. 1		- 1		
	1				<u> </u>	: ما کا																			
	_					1	٠	ميرس	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	/191	رم جسر	.سىرى	! أيموسد.	رد	ر درگوین		C13514	عونت			1	· .	100	ا احر <i>ت</i> ت	·
			_			اے_ا	<u>.(4</u> ).	ا کون	<u>.</u>	· •	· 	-								!					
	- +		<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	ļ																				
_   _   _			<u> </u>	ļ +	 			5	:28.4	<u> </u>	کـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	144	1						<b>-</b>	!				<u> </u>	
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1.6	). (za.	مري أ	• • '	.Cg	1423	6 co	1412										
	-			<u>.</u>		ļ <u></u>			i	i 	ļ				 			!			· · ·	ا 			
				+ -	i	ير مر!				1					i										
		· · · · · ·		1		الم			•		į				on.	رن ري	0		اعتگ.	زر است <i>ک</i> چه		611	£	24	٠ <u>٢٠</u>
_ -	-	<i>- 1,2</i>	- 2:	i	1	C												<del>-</del> -				; 			_
				a.	<u> </u>	(0)	,		12	225		25		7				-				!			
_	-			8	<u> </u>			1.	1	1	1	1 .	:		5.	2:2:2	ارون	<u> </u>	la :	وشرم	ے	ar	100		
	-				ļ		Ch et	"	2	عدونا		<u> </u>	اد (ز									i			
			!	ļ				1	js Gara I	1	0.	16.3		Se,	easi					i					
	+	_			ļ				1	1	İ	ر ر ا	e e		1	!!	1600		ر دیحہ						
					-				1	1			i		1		<u>'</u>		ر	22	Ŀſŗ				
	-			-					1	1	i												-		
									132	7	-		280	يك	-	10	100	FT		188	<i>و و</i>	-2×		-	
	-				<del> </del>			. /		-	! <u> </u>									-					
			<del> </del>	-	<del> </del>	1		1	1		1	<u>.</u>					- 1		- 1		1				
	-				ļ		_0	النوجي	1/61-	<del>                                     </del>	1	carr	اعد	<u> </u>	0	<u>ر.                                    </u>	- <u>V</u>	14	ر ن	00. 	מנפת	<del>-</del>			
	+	<del></del>				++			i	!	1	-				,	1			. 1	-1.	2	01	ec.	بنو
+	-		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>						1	130			i	1 4		i	٠ ،		1	ا م	ا ــــــا		
-+									1		<del>/_</del>	٠٢.	(2/10	5 66	ورو		مر ئ	CX	رهو س	7	CCI	.5/2	1:00	•	
	-			-	-	<del> </del>		5/1			\ \/											$\overline{}$			_
	- <del>   </del>				-	-						Les				1	T		موي ا	21	31,	ا را	Tex	24	
+			<del>-                                    </del>	<del> </del>	-	1		l			I .	ج.			İ		i	- 1			,				_
			+		-	1						<u>25.</u>	ور		YE. "	Co	<u>ح۔ ا</u>	12/1	۳2 ,		K/	ര	<u>زرب</u> ا	ver	<u> </u>
	-		1	<del></del>					+	<b>-</b>	<del></del>	رجر					/								-
									وليب ا	1	1					· / /									
+	<del>- </del>		<del>-i</del>		-	1-1			<del> </del>	<del> </del> '	عر <sup>دو</sup> ا	م دیمور	·•/	1997. 1			<i>21</i> /	ر ب	<u>بہ ع</u> ا	04.	<u>-                                    </u>			_ 2	

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Sheet <u>/6</u> of <u>/7</u> Civil and Sanitary Engineers Subject Inspection of non-Lederal dams in New England Computation Saken Pord Dom, Bruttiet, VA. Job No. 953-05F Computed by SOY Checked by MFR Date 15 Mag. 80 Discharge Curve 4500 - 15,000' Post- Shilark Upic Failare 1000 CFS 2000 Strage 10,500 (635) - 10,000 (N9) 19 73,560 23,560 10 sco (475)

10,000

Subject Inpution of non- followol dans in New England Computation Bakes Poul Dame, Buckfield, Vf. Job No. 953-05 Date 15 Aug 60 Checked by mep Computed by SDH 150 (SSF12) 15.500 (.37) = 13,500 CSE 1500 2 = . at Checked 146 A 35 K 0:24 7120 10,380

Civil and Sanitary Engineers

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Sheet 14 of 17 Subject Inspection of new- forest down in New Lingland Computation Blos Bod Dam Brukfiell VI. Job No. 953-05 F Checked by MEB Date 15 1/49, 80 Computed by 504 Dickerge 7500' D/S from 3. s' pre-failure 1000 cfs ±4% failure = Storage - Protailine Storage (38/85 - 75000 te 4-43,560 33560 48 0-15

والمناور والمراور والمناور والمناسبة والمناورة والمناورة والمناورة والمناورة والمناورة والمناورة والمناورة JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Sheet <u>/3</u> of <u>/7</u> Civil and Sanitary Engineers Subject Inspection of non-toveral dams in New England Computation Bikes Pond Dane Brukfield, VF Job No. 95-3-05 F Computed by SOM Checked by MeB Date 15 Aug. Eo Act Link 4500 DIS Tren 2500-0/5 1/2 夕红 OH ( weeked of de best) 1486 1045 54 7057 8999

Sheet 12 of 17

bject_	ت	23.6	<u>ucc</u>	-/u	ر بر بحر	al.	بر <u>زون</u>	ر مردع	Ze i	<u> Sec</u>	.s/	_	(ce r		بازر	1	160	<u>بىلىر</u> .	77.0	/e	ro C/	_					
nputat	ion		Ro	Ko.	<u>ر</u> 	1	30	_	/	200	<u>~</u>	Br.	w k	1.		<u> </u>	//	, 	Job	No	•	2					
nputed	ł by			52	<u>24</u>					Che	cke	d b	У			re c	,			D	ate_	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> Au</u>	<del>9</del>	20	
					0	,	2	212.16	1	000	£	57	2.6	//	بر بروده												
	_												ļ							_							$\dashv$
							12	200	2	2018	ing	<u> </u>	7,5	20'	9	15			-					-			$\dashv$
1											-		-														$\neg$
-												<u> </u>	ļ						ļ								_
										-/	Roce	1	-											H			_
+	_					25						-				3'				ۍ د							-
				ارور	بر د	2-0 4	101	n				. 7				7											
				CHC	<i>t</i> .	9/	1									3											
				ر تر ر بر حرب	01								14	,									_				_
+	$\dashv$		32	, <u>,                                   </u>		12.0						-	<del> </del> -				 	}									
+									7-6					11.	ر د د د	//	_	. 4		200		1	G Lin	ag		ار ط من	$\overline{/}$
		د دور مرکز	<u>/</u>	ريون		C	بور. مری	ين د		,	Le.	206	ہوے		.ھر	//	/_			(and aid							
_	_																										_
	4	Ziz	v 0	ver			رم		يعر د								-										$\dashv$
	+					1 1	ري ريمز		1 1	-/	<u>ح</u>	1	ren		-												$\dashv$
					4	20		reca			271		2	4			_	2,,,	<b>/</b>			2/01					
							Þ				_		200	مح	-			0	בא	ĉ.			w	cs [			_
							e				-	/	400					3/7				16	<u>ح</u>				$\dashv$
	-					1						-	مرور مرورا	ı				2.00 2.00				36.8. 209					$\dashv$
1	_						<b>-</b>						170	}				ה ממו					363				$\dashv$
						10	,					2	au	ĺ				79					921				
	$\dashv$										-																$\rightarrow$
-								-	-	-		-	-											H			$\dashv$
-	$\dashv$									ļ		_	-														
	$\exists$																										
																									D-	13	
] (	ļ	- 1						!			1	l .	1	ł								!					

JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Civil and Sanitary Engineers Subject Inspective of non-federal dams in New England Computation Baker Pand Dam Bruskfield Job No. 953-05 F Computed by SOM Checked by MEB Date 15 Aug 'EO discharge carre 8/27 W 1 Stage 500 075

Sheet <u>10</u> of <u>17</u>

Subject Inger line of non- federal down in Non England Computation Barken Touch Dane Broukfield V/ Job No. 953-05 F Date 20 //ax 80 Computed by SMY Checked by <u>RIEB</u> (NEW) - 5 --p 3/3 , 4 - 1 1/66 5 .0057 040 Coregulos x-reat, much Veloris 1 .69 2.2 58 26.5 1300 8.5 11097 1.2 3.2 246 1836 2.3 4.8 1183 504 3.3 6.2 3/27 4.3 74 6349 856 8,

Civil and Sanitary Engineers

Sheet 9 of 17

Subject Incree fine of non-federal dome in Non Impland

Computation Bles Pand Dome, Brokelid VI. Job No. 953-05 F

Checked by <u>NISB</u> Date 13 Aug. 80 Computed by 570/ سارس معرا والريزية 1305-2) drs runcifors ac. rea arrage oncerton structure crest 12001: 12 12300 18 E/ 1304.10 00 70 to.110115 are arepore surchared cuesto of ± 4.1' remuchane ن سرد المراس energy of down ready 19011-1286 + 1286 = 1295 Contral at c/ 1295 + + 200 From Serien dronings well see Mapped pro Dan Failure Finish Sich 4 = 0.4 (280) = //e' Turke Outles runchange to top of dans contened on exizing Chergene Ter mater Carcisting - Convince DAS Chornel: Michael المسحدا Schow dans Joing - Joy nato farme characteristics D-10

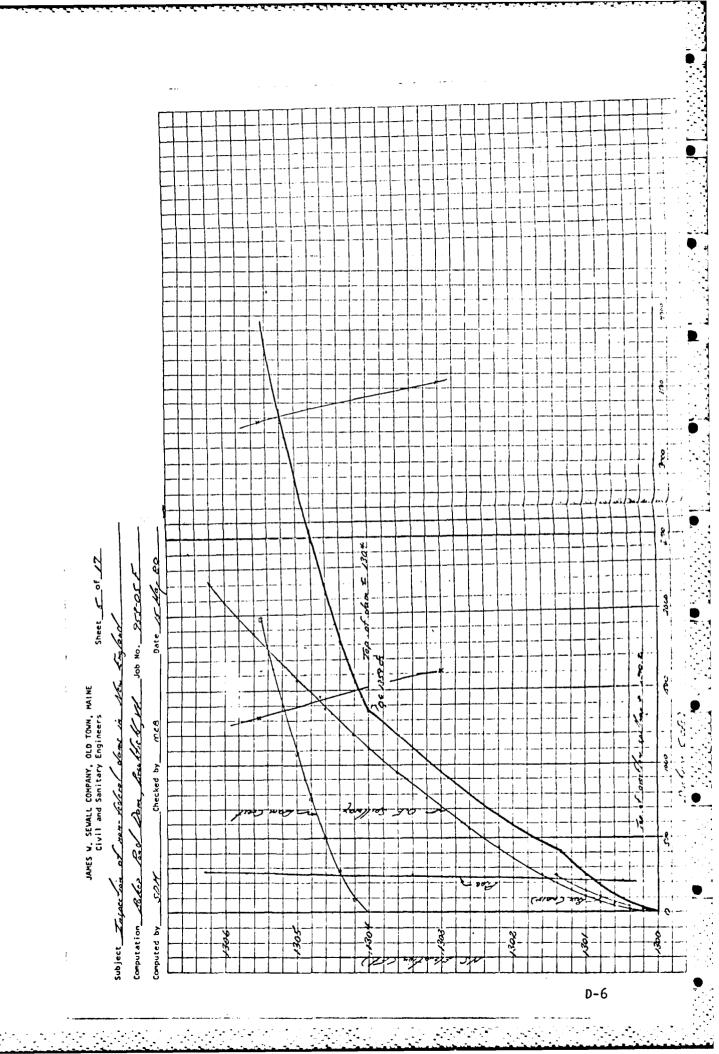
JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE Civil and Sanitary Engineers Sheet 8 of 17 Subject Inspection of new-federal dans in New tingland Computation Police Pour Brutiell VI Job No. 953-05 F Date 15 Han Co Computed by SDM Checked by NIMB resinte stange solable to in the trafact) 9 - 9 (1-5/9) and 9/2 - 9/2 (1-5/9, F) Tuo 11: 5:51 PR 3266 CFS P/A 5 1314 CFS 11-3.01 90 3531 CFT 900 FF Sec ration Pol Ontlow (Op) deing MO set suide fine " Some longe Strage Buting 16/60 (See 19 5) 3200 ch 11 - 5.2 to - 80 - 1911 P'P 1550 of 1 = 41 Fas Cp & PMF See try & Ollet copacity to outther 05m 3/12 + cx /sc and 912t or the outthe on How @ Sammary 90 5 3049 CFS prof or 1925 CAS Test Flood Rak aller 3300 ch D'A = 1500 cts Solver of Onthe Capacity 12 to 00 and 912: of 018 9-لو

### JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE

Subject <u>Inspection</u> of non-foder		Sheet 7 of 17
Computation Blow For Dame	Souther Wy	Job No. 95-3-05-2
Computation Robert Sour Chec	ked by <u>(0.5%</u>	Date 13 Aug. 20
of Discourse a	moreus surchan	e contina
Tengo y	constant 50 fc.	00000
Use aica	= constant so Ac.	
560		
150		
400		
	3,40	
350		
303	.urwo)	
	a sr. c	
250	a la	
	Jave 3	
Lord Jord		
Sw. Co.		
30		
	- Top of dam	
<del>                                     </del>		8 9 10
1	c A above so may	cheer!
عرج و بر بر بی بی	12-17 5=275/100	(5 2 3 )
ور الموجر	12-17 5=275100 16-17 5 150/1	(5 2 3 )

Sheet 6 of 17

ubject		Zns,	<u>000</u>	Lic	· <	<u>0</u>		700	<u>- y</u>	60/e	ر برحر	/	<u>c/a.</u>	12 S		<u>:</u>	1	On.	1	7	lan	0/					
omputa	tio	n	<u> </u>	3/0	<u> </u>	£	ي ود	/_	<u>)a</u>	سر	,_	Prec.	ks)	C/.	//	/	, 		lob	No	•	25	رح	05	بر م	<u></u>	
ompute	d b	у		52	1					Che	cke	d b	у		M.E	B	_		<u>.</u>	D	at e		سور	Mo	ا سرکا	20	
						<u>c.</u>	) \	يردز	1/10	مزا	C	100	17		6	7	20.	01	_	lar							
																		φ,					4	E		_	
								ي ا	ك	-5-	8	Q <sub>p</sub>	} }———————————————————————————————————		12	5	2/2										
							_				-		_											<u> </u>			
		-				2	<u> </u>	1	4				۹.	1		1	,	9	- 1								
									<u></u>									الوي ع بركو			/		34	,			
										1	i	1	1	ł		1	ſ	136	- 1			ı			,,		
														ļ -	2"	1/2	<i>y</i>	ںور	لرد سی		1300	l	1				
								ļ	Q.					2/1/			2	سرد د	ار ح	<u></u>			ļ 			_	
<del>-</del>		-								1	1		!					ومكو				/					
		-								2	رىد		4	1		:	!		- 1								
	<del> </del>	ļ.,								_	<u>  • </u>														i		
		4)	<	1/0														1/2							104		
						<u>- (x</u>	/0	i	i	4	1		}	1	ļ	Ł	1					-					
								,			* .			•			1	Ko		_			) 				
														!													
										<u> </u>																	
	-							ļ	! <del> </del>	-	<u> </u>			-									!	<u></u>	!		
	-	-											ļ								//			<u> </u>			
							/_ ( /	93.50 F	ICE.	200	r 11-0		عمرا		1	عد ا		مزو		ru Zi	67		Fra	c /4	ہد		
	-	-					-/-	-	30				-				-							-		1	
						<del></del>	מנ	6 29	-/-	500		200	2. 1		נגכ	5	/	29	קהח	۔۔۔		200	10	ا (ر			
																						-5					
				_							!												ļ	ļ			
											<u> </u>	:	_	<u> </u>									ļ	<del> </del>		_	
	-						<u>L</u> _	<u> </u>	-	<u>:</u> 	<u>:</u>	•		! <del>!</del>	 	· 	<u> </u> .					ļ	<u> </u>	!			
	-										·	•		!	! 		<u></u>							-			
	-	-								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	: <del>-</del>	<u> </u>	<u></u>									-	-	$\left  - \right $		
							} !	! !		†	<u></u>	<del></del>	1	<u> </u>										-			
	-									<u> </u>	<del> </del>		-				-							-			
	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>							<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1	1	-	<del> </del>			<del> </del>			<u> </u>		<del></del> -	<del>                                     </del>		-7		



#### JAMES W. SEWALL COMPANY, OLD TOWN, MAINE

	Civil and Sanitary Engineers	Sheet 4_ of 17_
Subject Thence In	in of Non- footened dones in -	Now Logland
	Pord Dam, Brokhill, VI.	
Computed by SUP	Checked by MEE	Date 15 May Po
	Step Long Soulance	
	11 46 8 50 600	hust are downstream sugar
	g.com	
	سی وزید بر	
	1.601	
	0 1/5	y 9 Fhv.
	3 322.4 3	
	. 1 25 1500.6 3	
		5 1111 1304
		0 1200 1304.2
		4 1324 1304.6
		P 1577 1805
		\$ 2095 1306 6 2205 13062
	2.6 703 1303	6 2205 1306.2
	Took Done	
		s length, grass & south
	er steper	
	St. CAN K	
	V = 330	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	X Q Klex	
	.2 96 /304,2	
	1 272 1304.4	
	8 590 13048	
	8 769 1301/8	
	10 1075 1805	
	1,5 1975 13055	
	2 304/ 1366	
		D-5
}	<del>┪╼╸╂</del> ╼═ <del>╏</del> ╼═╂╼═╂╼═╂╼═╂ <del>╼</del> ═╂ <del>╼</del> ═╬╼═╋══╬╼═╂══╬	<del> </del>   <del>            </del>

Sheet 3 of 17

Subject	Transfer		Sallicary Eligit	ins in Mrs.	Sincet_3_01_1
					0. 953-05 F
		•	•		Date 15 1/4- 80
			Poc Capacit	(can (d)	
		4	1 2 2 5	2	
		1 1 1 1		)	
	+ + + + + + -	(m	5 /2		
		1	1 = 1 12		
			.014		
		1 1 1 1	90		
			2/		W5
		15	V Q	19 1.5 10 he +1.5	1/29 Elev.
				5.17 7.76 5.7	
		1-1-1-	150 188		3 1299.33
	Tup of 60x = 13	100 12	15.7 197		92 1299 92
		1, 3	18.3 205		49 1300.49
			18.1 227		2 1802.2
		1,8	19.2 241	57/ 8.6 10	24 1303.41
		20	20.2 254		52 1904.52
		22	2/2 206		505-08
		23	21.7 272		28 306.25
		Pux C	pacify ( No	7,70 7	
		ري			
			F + 2. 7		
			2-54	NS H	Q E/CH
		1 2	13		8 552 3301.8
		1 1 2	37		712 1362
			SP	1300.6	3 758 1303
			1AY	1304.8	1118 1304
<b></b>	<del>                                     </del>		146	/30/	1830 1305

Sheet <u>/7</u> of <u>/7</u>

Subject Incom Su	ie 02 2011 -	fockrul dams	in Now Lindland							
Subject Ingortice of non-fectual dams in New England  Computation Sales Pard Dam Breakfield VI. Job No. 953-05 F										
		=	El. Date 15 Aug. 20							
			Ja com Julio co no da							
123	Brep, os	4 - 2	5 or Jan is success							
7	afore - Sign	day sect	2 6 mil mil come unes							
12-1	or more ad	ove ryncans do	there. Thee additional							
200	ces ric ex	14 12,	010 04 14 24 000							
	Canage c/	- Julanc.	0110 011 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1							
Siemnea	ا ا									
(a.)	Pol 10/4	re Outstow	- 15500 cfs							
(3)	Fry regos	0-250-0/5	of dan							
		L 5/1-50								
	2 1	( Stage	11-12'							
		167c	N/ 8'							
	200		5500 055							
	1 26 7 27									
		(, 250'- 2500'								
	1 1 1 1									
	7.6 - 7.90	ailure stage	1 2.8							
	70,9-7.									
	Jose In	rfage.								
<del></del>	164	out fun	9 3, 500 c/c							
	Thro Sea	F 7500 - 15.	cci os es por							
	re-far	rure stage	1 7 3							
	131-70	rifare range	W: 1/27"							
	Se i	1990	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
	Pak	Out flow	9 = 0,000 015							
			d-18							

PRELIMINARY GUIDANCE

FOR ESTIMATING

MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES

IN

PHASE I DAM SAFETY

INVESTIGATIONS

New England Division Corps of Engineers

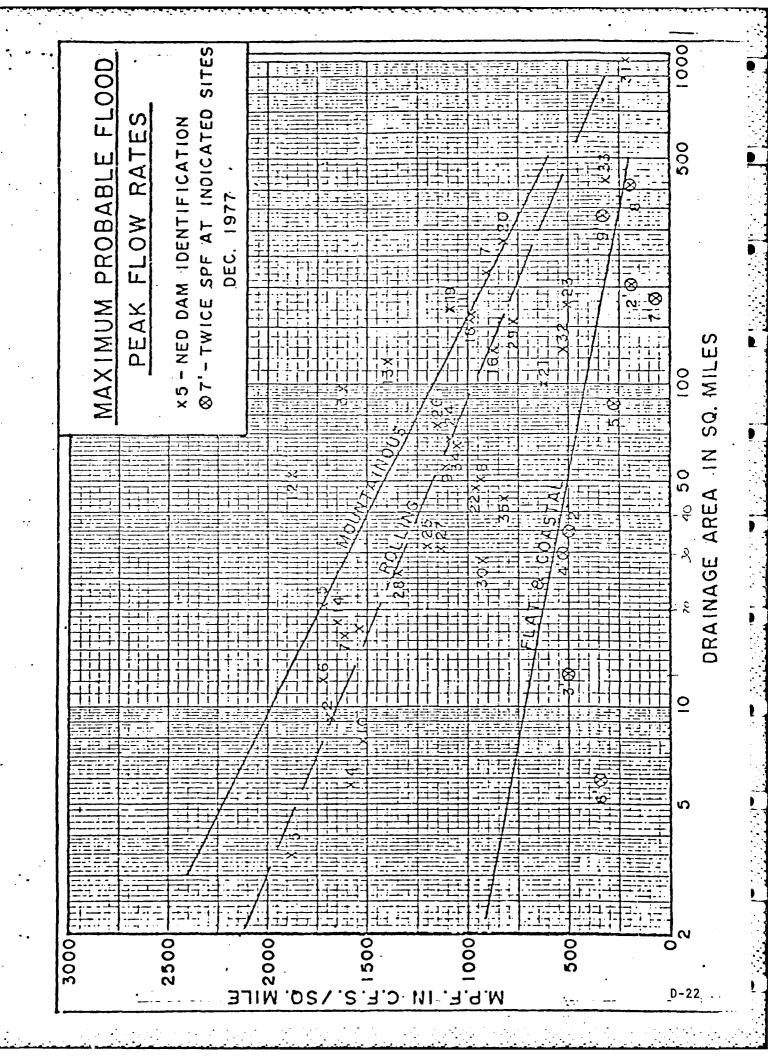
March 1978

### MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOOD INFLOWS NED RESERVOIRS

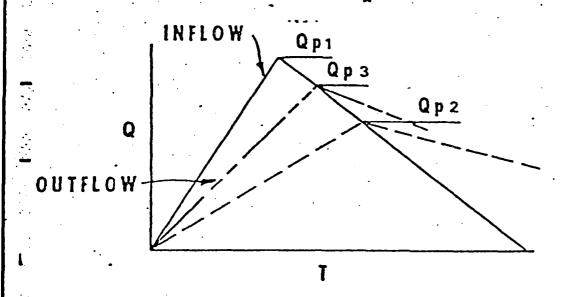
	Project_	و .	D.A.	MPF
•		(cfs)	(sq. mi.)	cfs/sq. mi.
1.	Hall Meadow Brook	26,600	17.2	1,546
2.	East Branch	15,500	9.25	1,675
3.		158,000	97.2	1,625
	Northfield Brook	9,000	5.7	1,580
5.	Black Rock	35,000	20.4	1,715
6.	Hancock Brook	20,700	12.0	1,725
7.	Hop Brook	26,400	16.4	1,610
8.	Tully	47,000	50.0	940
9.	Barre Falls	61,000	55.0	1,109
10.	Conant Brook	11,900	7.8	1,525
11.	Knightville	160,000	162.0	987 -
12.	Littleville	98,000	52.3	1,870
13.		165,000	118.0	1,400
14.	Mad River	30,000	18.2	1,650
15.	_	6,500	3.43	1,895
16.	Union Village	110,000	126.0	873
17.	North Hartland	199,000	220.0	904
18.	North Springfield	157,000	158.0	994
19.		190,000	172.0	1,105
20.	Townshend	228,000	106.0(278 tota	1) 820
21.	Surry Mountain	63,000	100.0	630
22.	Otter Brook	45,000	47.0	957
23.		88,500	175.0	505
24.	East Brimfield	73,900	67.5	1,095
25.	Westville	38,400	99.5(32 net)	1,200
26.	West Thompson	85,000	173.5(74 net)	1,150
27.	Hodges Village	35,600	. 31.1	1,145
28.	Buffumville	36,500	26.5	1,377
29.	Mansfield Hollow	125,000	159.0	786
30.	West Hill	26,000	28.0	928
31.	Franklin Falls	210,000	1000.0	210
32.	Blackwater	66,500	128.0	520
33.	Hopkinton	135,000	426.0	316
34.	Everett	68,000	64.0	1,062
35.	MacDowell	. 36,300	44.0	825

### MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOWS BASED ON TWICE THE STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD (Flat and Coastal Areas)

	River	SPF (cfs)	<u>D.A.</u> (sq. mi.)	(cfs/sq. mi.)
1.	Pavtuxet River	19,000	200	190
2.	Mill River (R.I.)	8,500	34	500
<b>3.</b>	Peters River (R.I.)	3,200	13	490
4.	Kettle Brook	8,000	30	530
5.	Sudbury River.	11,700	86	270 -
6.	Indian Brook (Hopk.)	1,000	5.9	340
7.	Charles River.	6,000	184	65
8.	Blackstone River.	43,000	416	200
9.	Quinebaug River	55,000	331	330



### ESTIMATING EFFECT OF SURCHARGE STORAGE ON MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES



STEP 1: Determine Peak Inflow (Qp1) from Guide Curves.

STEP 2: a. Determine Surcharge Height To Pass "'Qp1".

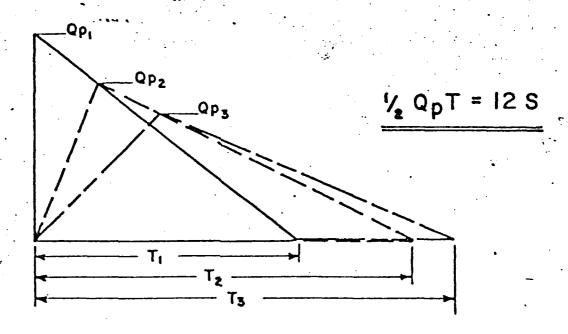
- b. Determine Volume of Surcharge (STOR1) In Inches of Runoff.
- c. Maximum Probable Flood Runoff In New England equals Approx. 19", Therefore:

$$Qp2 = Qp1 \times \{1 - \frac{STOR1}{10}\}$$

STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and "STOR2" To Pass "Qp2"

b. Average "STOR1" and "STOR2" and Determine Average Surcharge and Resulting Peak Outflow "Qp3".

### "RULE OF THUMB" GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING DOWNSTREAM DAM FAILURE HYDROGRAPHS



STEP 1: DETERMINE OR ESTIMATE RESERVOIR STORAGE (S) IN AC-FT AT TIME OF FAILURE.

STEP 2: DETERMINE PEAK FAILURE OUTFLOW (Qp1).

Wb = BREACH WIDTH - SUGGEST VALUE NOT GREATER THAN 40% OF DAM
LENGTH ACROSS RIVER AT MID HEIGHT.

Yo = TOTAL HEIGHT FROM RIVER BED TO POOL LEVEL AT FAILURE.

STEP 3: USING USGS TOPO OR OTHER DATA, DEVELOP REPRESENTATIVE STAGE-DISCHARGE RATING FOR SELECTED DOWNSTREAM RIVER REACH.

STEP 4: ESTIMATE REACH OUTFLOW (Qp2) USING FOLLOWING ITERATION.

- A. APPLY  $Q_{p1}$  TO STAGE RATING, DETERMINE STAGE AND ACCOPMANYING VOLUME  $(V_1)$  IN REACH IN AC-FT. (NOTE: IF  $V_1$  EXCEEDS 1/2 OF S. SELECT SHORTER REACH.)
- B. DETERMINE TRIAL Qp2.

 $Qp_2(TRIAL) = Qp_1(1-\frac{V_1}{5})$ 

- C. COMPUTE V2 USING Qp2 (TRIAL).
- D. AVERAGE  $V_1$  AND  $V_2$  AND COMPUTE  $Q_{p2}$ .  $Q_{p_2} = Q_{p_1} (1 \frac{V_{p_2}}{2})$

STEP 5: FOR SUCCEEDING REAGHES REPEAT STEPS 3 AND 4.

**APRIL 1978** 

APPENDIX E
INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN
THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

# END

## FILMED

8-85

DTIC